UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

MATTHEW FOREST TILLMAN,

Plaintiff,		Civil Action No. 15-cv-10091
vs.		HON. BERNARD A. FRIEDMAN
MEIJER, et al.,		
Defendants.	,	
	/	

ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S "PRO SE MOTION CORRECTING DEFICIENCY AND MOTION TO REINSTATE COMPLAINT"

This matter is presently before the Court on plaintiff's "Pro Se Motion Correcting Deficiency and Motion to Reinstate Complaint" [docket entry 5]. Although plaintiff does not properly title his motion, the Court construes it to be seeking a motion for reconsideration under Local Rule 7.1(h)(3), which states:

Generally, and without restricting the court's discretion, the court will not grant motions for rehearing or reconsideration that merely present the same issues ruled upon by the court, either expressly or by reasonable implication. The movant must not only demonstrate a palpable defect by which the court and the parties and other persons entitled to be heard on the motion have been misled but also show that correcting the defect will result in a different disposition of the case.

A motion for reconsideration must be filed within 14 days after entry of the judgment or order. In the present case, the order from which plaintiff seeks reconsideration was filed on January 21, 2015, so the deadline for filing a motion for reconsideration was February 4, 2015. Plaintiff's motion is untimely, as it was filed on February 6, 2015.

Even if plaintiff's motion had been timely filed, the motion itself does not identify a palpable defect by which the Court has been misled. Plaintiff fails to show that the Court erred

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in finding that the complaint, as filed, failed to state a plausible claim for relief under 42 U.S.C. §

1983.

Plaintiff has provided information in his motion that, when added to his complaint,

potentially states a plausible § 1983 claim. To that extent, plaintiff is seeking to use his motion for

reconsideration as a vehicle for amending his complaint. However, this Court does not have

authority to allow such an amendment. If a complaint falls within the requirements of 28 U.S.C.

§ 1915(e)(2) when it is filed, a district court must sua sponte dismiss the complaint. See

McGore v. Wrigglesworth, 114 F.3d 601, 612 (6th Cir.1997). Furthermore, under the Prison

Litigation Reform Act, a district court has no discretion to permit plaintiff to amend a

complaint to avoid a sua sponte dismissal. Id.; see also Cantley v. Armstrong, 391 F. App'x 505,

507 (6th Cir.2010). Accordingly,

IT IS ORDERED that plaintiff's "Pro Se Motion Correcting Deficiency and

Motion to Reinstate Complaint" is denied.

s/Bernard A. Friedman

Dated: February 20, 2015

Detroit, Michigan

BERNARD A. FRIEDMAN

SENIOR UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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